Auditing Procedures Report

Issued under P.A. 2 of 1968, as amended and P.A. 71 of 1919, as amended.

Local Unit of Government Type					Local Unit Name		County
☐County	□City	□Twp	□Village	⊠Other	Beaver Island	I Transportation Authority	Charlevoix
Fiscal Year End			Opinion Date			Date Audit Report Submitted to State	
9/30/2007			3/21/2008			3/28/2008	
Me offirm that							

We affirm that:

We are certified public accountants licensed to practice in Michigan.

We further affirm the following material, "no" responses have been disclosed in the financial statements, including the notes, or in the

/lana	agem	nent l	Letter (report of comments and recommendations).
	YES	9 N	Check each applicable box below. (See instructions for further detail.)
1.	×		All required component units/funds/agencies of the local unit are included in the financial statements and/or disclosed in the reporting entity notes to the financial statements as necessary.
2.	×		There are no accumulated deficits in one or more of this unit's unreserved fund balances/unrestricted net assets (P.A. 275 of 1980) or the local unit has not exceeded its budget for expenditures.
3.	X		The local unit is in compliance with the Uniform Chart of Accounts issued by the Department of Treasury.
4.	×		The local unit has adopted a budget for all required funds.
5.	×		A public hearing on the budget was held in accordance with State statute.
6.	×		The local unit has not violated the Municipal Finance Act, an order issued under the Emergency Municipal Loan Act, or other guidance as issued by the Local Audit and Finance Division.
7.	×		The local unit has not been delinquent in distributing tax revenues that were collected for another taxing unit.
8.	×		The local unit only holds deposits/investments that comply with statutory requirements.
9.	×		The local unit has no illegal or unauthorized expenditures that came to our attention as defined in the <i>Bulletin for Audits of Local Units of Government in Michigan</i> , as revised (see Appendix H of Bulletin).
10.	X		There are no indications of defalcation, fraud or embezzlement, which came to our attention during the course of our audit that have not been previously communicated to the Local Audit and Finance Division (LAFD). If there is such activity that has not been communicated, please submit a separate report under separate cover.
11.	X		The local unit is free of repeated comments from previous years.
12.	X		The audit opinion is UNQUALIFIED.
13.		×	The local unit has complied with GASB 34 or GASB 34 as modified by MCGAA Statement #7 and other generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
14.	X		The board or council approves all invoices prior to payment as required by charter or statute.
15.	X		To our knowledge, bank reconciliations that were reviewed were performed timely.

If a local unit of government (authorities and commissions included) is operating within the boundaries of the audited entity and is not included in this or any other audit report, nor do they obtain a stand-alone audit, please enclose the name(s), address(es), and a description(s) of the authority and/or commission.

I, the undersigned, certify that this statement is complete and accurate in all respects.

We have enclosed the following:		Not Require	Not Required (enter a brief justification)				
Financial Statements							
The letter of Comments and Recommendations							
Other (Describe)							
Certified Public Accountant (Firm Name)	•		Telephone Number				
Harris Group, CPAs			231-946-8930				
Street Address			City	State	Zip		
731 South Garfield Ave			Traverse City	MI 49686			
Authorizing CPA Signature		Printed Name		License I	License Number		
	R	Ronald G Harris, CPA		1101024798			

BEAVER ISLAND TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY REPORT ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2007

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

March 21, 2008

Members of the Authority's Board Beaver Island Transportation Authority Beaver Island, Michigan

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Beaver Island Transportation Authority, Michigan (a component unit of St. James Township), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2007, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These basic financial statements are the responsibility of the Authority's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these basic financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the basic financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Beaver Island Transportation Authority, Charlevoix County, Michigan, as of September 30, 2007, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and the respective budgetary comparison for the Special Revenue Fund.

Beaver Island Transportation Authority has not presented a management discussion and analysis that the Government Accounting Standards Board has determined necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the basic financial statements.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated March 21, 2008 on our consideration of Beaver Island Transportation Authority's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

The required budgetary comparison information and additional information identified in the table of contents, are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquires of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Certified Public Accountants



BEAVER ISLAND TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS SEPTEMBER 30, 2007

ASSETS

Current Assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$	98,103
Accounts receivable		47,763
Boat study		13,846
Total current assets		159,712
Noncurrent assets:		
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		5,429,208
	\$	5,588,920
	Ψ	3,300,320
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS		
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$	26,904
Due to State	-	20,679
Total current liabilities		47,583
Net assets:		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		5,429,208
Unrestricted		112,129
Total fund balances		5,541,337
	\$	5,588,920

BEAVER ISLAND TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2007

					Progr	am Revenues			An	t (expenses) d changes in Net assets
Functions/Programs	1	Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions		Total
Governmental activities:	\$	972,693	\$	287,222	\$	349,261	\$	40,033	\$	(296,177)
General revenues: Interest and investment earnings Total General revenues							1,071 1,071			
		CHANGES I	N NET	ASSETS						(295,106)
	Net	assets – begin	ning of	year						5,836,443
	Net	assets – end o	f year						\$	5,541,337

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

BEAVER ISLAND TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY BALANCE SHEETS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2007

ACCEPTE	Special Revenue Fund		Total Governmental Funds	
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable Boat study	\$	98,103 47,763 13,846	\$	98,103 47,763 13,846
	\$	159,712	\$	159,712
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$	26,904	\$	26,904
Due to State		20,679		20,679
Total liabilities		47,583		47,583
Fund balances:				
Unreserved:				
Undesignated		112,129		112,129
Total fund balances		112,129		112,129
	\$	159,712	\$	159,712

BEAVER ISLAND TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET WITH THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS SEPTEMBER 30, 2007

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:

Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds

\$ 112,129

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in governmental funds:

Cost of capital assets
Accumulated deprecation

6,858,613

(1,429,405)

Total net assets - governmental activities

\$ 5,541,337

BEAVER ISLAND TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2007

	Special	Total		
	Revenue	Governmental		
	Fund	Funds		
REVENUES:				
State grants:				
Capital				
Capital Grant: 2003-0139	\$ 14,360	\$ 14,360		
Capital Grant: 2006-0100	25,673	25,673		
Operating assistance				
Operating assistance - 2007	292,364	292,364		
Operating assistance - 2005	56,370	56,370		
Operating assistance - 2004	527	527		
Local sources	287,222	287,222		
Interest income	1,071	1,071		
Total revenues	477 F.07	CDD 500		
Total revenues	677,587	677,587		
EXPENDITURES:				
Labor	45,600	45,600		
Fringe benefits	9,252	9,252		
Services	7,429	7,429		
Materials and supplies	495,310	495,310		
Utilities	7,776	7,776		
Insurance	9,751	9,751		
Taxes	3,488	3,488		
Miscellaneous	6,097	6,097		
Leases and rentals	26	26		
Capital outlay	36,984	36,984		
Total expenditures	621,713	621,713		
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	55,874	55,874		
FUND BALANCES:				
Beginning of year	56 255	56.255		
beginning of year	56,255	56,255		
End of year	\$ 112,129	\$ 112,129		

BEAVER ISLAND TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2007

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Total net change in fund balances – governmental funds	s	\$	55,874
Capital outlays to purchase capital assets and books ar expenditures. However, for governmental activities the of net assets and a depreciated over their estimated us in the statement of activities.	hose costs are shown in the statement		
This amount by which depreciation exceeded capital of	outlays in the period.		
	Capital outlays	36,984	
	Depreciation expense	(387,964)	(350,980)
Change in net assets of governmental activities		\$	(295,106)

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of Beaver Island Transportation Authority (the Authority) have been prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the Authority's accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The Authority was created under the Public Transportation Authority Act No. 196 of the P.A. of 1986 as amended, on January 6, 1993. The incorporating political subdivision is St. James Township.

The purpose of the Authority is to plan, promote, purchase, acquire, establish, own, operate, or cause to be operated, maintain, improve, enlarge, and modernize a mass transit system in the greater Beaver Island area.

The Authority Board is comprised of five (5) members appointed by the governing bodies of the political subdivisions participating in the Authority. Representation on the Board is proportional to the population of the respective political subdivisions.

B. Government-wide and fund financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of changes in net assets) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the Authority. For the most part, the effect of the interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. The Authority has no business-type activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from the goods, services or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. The Authority has no responsibility for any fiduciary funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Basis of Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources* measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provided have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Authority considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences are recorded only when a payment is due.

The Authority reports the following major governmental funds:

The *special revenue fund* is the Authority's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the Authority, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in the government-wide financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Property taxes, interest and charges for services are susceptible to accrual. Other receipts and taxes become measurable and available when cash is received by the Authority and are recognized as revenue at that time.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities and Equity

1. Cash and investments

Cash includes amounts in demand deposits and certificates of deposit.

State statutes authorize the Authority to invest in bonds and other direct and certain indirect obligations of the U.S. Treasury; certificates of deposit, savings accounts, deposit accounts, or depository receipts of a bank, saving and loan association, or credit union, which is a member of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation, or Nation Credit Union Administration, respectively; in commercial paper rated at the time of purchase within the three highest classifications established by not less than two standard rating services and which mature not more than 270 days after the date of purchase. The Authority is also authorized to invest in U.S. Government or federal agency obligation repurchase agreements, bankers' acceptances of U.S. banks, and mutual funds composed of investments as outlined above.

The Authority Board has designated one bank for the deposit of Authority funds.

2. Short-term Interfund Receivables/Payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as "due from other funds" or "due to other funds" on the balance sheet in the governmental fund financial statements.

3. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Authority as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$5000 and an estimated useful life of more than one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Assets with an initial, individual cost of less than \$5,000 and/or an estimated useful life of less that one year and purchased with Federal and/or State grants are expensed and subtracted out as ineligible on the "Maximum Reimbursement Computations of Local Bus Operating Assistance". Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donations.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities and Equity (continued)

3. Capital Assets

Property and equipment of the Authority is depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Building and improvements 40) yrs
Ferry 30) yrs
Fence 20) yrs
Dock 15	5 yrs
Parking lot 10) yrs
Ferry improvements 10) yrs
Security system 10) yrs
Miscellaneous capital outlays 10) yrs
Machinery and equipment	7 yrs
Boat study 5	5 yrs
Computer equipment 5	5 yrs
Office equipment and furnishings	5 yrs
Vehicles	5 yrs

Depreciable lives are preapproved by the Michigan Department of Transportation, for assets purchased with local funds.

4. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net assets.

The Authority does not have any long-term obligations.

5. Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, the unreserved fund balances for governmental funds represent the amount available for budgeting future operations. The reserved fund balances for governmental funds represent the amount that has been legally identified for specific purposes or indicates that a component of assets does not constitute "available spendable resources." The designated fund balances for governmental funds represent tentative plans for future use of financial resources.

6. Use of Estimates

The process of preparing general purpose financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires the use of estimates and assumptions regarding certain types of assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenditures. Such estimates primarily relate to unsettled transactions and events as of the date of the financial statements. Accordingly, upon settlement, actual results may differ from estimated amounts.

NOTE 2 – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgetary information

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Annual appropriations budgets are adopted for the general, special revenue and debt service funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

The Authority follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. The Authority Administrator submits to the Authority Board a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing on October 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. The level of control for the budgets is at the functional level as set forth in the combined statement of revenues, expenditure and changes in fund balances budget and actual GAAP basis general funds.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3. Prior to October 1, the budget is legally adopted by the Board of Trustees resolution pursuant to the Uniform Budgeting and Accounting Act (P.A. 621 of 1978). The Act requires that the budget be amended prior to the end of the fiscal year when necessary to adjust appropriations if it appears that revenues and other financing sources will be less than anticipated or so that expenditures will not be in excess of original estimates. Expenditures shall not be made or incurred, unless authorized in the budget, or in excess of the amount appropriated.
- 4. The Administrator is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between major expenditure functions within any fund; however, these transfers and any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the Authority Board.
- 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the general fund.
- 6. The budget as presented, has been amended. Supplemental appropriations were made during the year with the last one approved prior to September 30th.

B. Excess of expenditures over appropriations

During the year ended September 30, 2007, the Authority incurred expenditures in numerous budgetary funds which were in excess of amounts appropriated.

NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS, INVESTMENTS AND CREDIT RISK

Cash and cash equivalents are held separately in the name of the Authority by each of the Authority's funds.

Deposits

At year-end, the carrying amount of the Authority's deposits were \$98,103 and the bank balance was \$99,418 of which \$99,418 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$0 was uninsured and uncollateralized.

The Authority has no investments as of September 30, 2007. The Authority has the following risk disclosures:

Interest Rate Risk – The Authority does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk – The Authority's investment policy approves the following securities and deposit accounts: U.S. Treasury bills, U.S. Treasury certificates, notes and bonds, certificate of deposits, commercial business savings accounts, money market accounts, obligations which are lawful investments for fiduciary and trust funds under the jurisdiction of the United States Government, Series E savings bonds and Series H savings bonds.

The Authority shall deposit excess monies in the general fund and all other operating fund accounts in time, savings, or share accounts with banks or other institutions, to the extent that all unsecured deposits or accounts are insured by: the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), National Credit Union Share Insurance Fund (NCUSIF), or State Insurance plans which are approved by the United States Comptroller of the currency as an eligible depository of trust funds of National Banks, respectively.

All excess monies over the insured limits of the financial institution or banks, the Authority shall obtain collateralization of excess funds at 100% of the principal value. Such collateralization shall be in the form of U.S. Treasury Notes or Bonds in the name of the Authority held in trust by the financial institution or bank. The Authority may choose collateralization in the following form and percentages:

U.S. Treasury Notes
 U.S. Treasury Notes and/or Bonds
 Mortgage Backed Securities
 100%; or
 75% and
 25%

In any such case the collateralization shall be no less than 100% of value of the funds in all accounts. The financial institution shall provide a statement of the following collateralization at a minimum once very quarter of the Authority.

The Authority has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

Concentration of Credit Risk – The Authority places no limit on the amount the district may invest in any one issuer.

NOTE 4 – DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION ABOUT CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset balances and activity for the year ended September 30, 2007 were as follows:

	Beginning of year	Additions	Retirements/ Reclassifications	 End of year
Ferry Ferry improvements Dock Building and improvements Miscellaneous capital outlays Vehicles Machinery and equipment Parking lot Fence	\$ 3,776,941 209,450 1,069,284 546,004 461,724 165,623 231,879 114,814 101,032	\$ 21,029 15,956	\$	\$ 3,776,941 230,479 1,069,284 546,004 461,724 165,623 247,835 114,814 101,032
Computer equipment Security system Boat study Office equipment	61,167 45,962 15,974 21,774			 61,167 45,962 15,974 21,774
Accumulated Depreciation	6,821,628	36,985		 6,858,613 1,429,405
Net capital assets	\$ 5,780,188	\$ (350,980)	\$	\$ 5,429,208

NOTE 5: RISK MANAGEMENT

The Authority is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss, torts, errors and omissions and employee injuries (workers compensation). The Authority has purchased commercial insurance for these types of claims. Settled claims relating to commercial insurance have not exceeded the amount of insurance coverage in any of the past three years.

The Independent Contractor (Beaver Island Boat Company) that operates the ferry vessel shall provide workers' compensation insurance coverage for personnel used in the operation of the ferry vessel and maritime insurance coverage for personnel used by the Independent Contractor in the operation of the ferry vessel.

The Independent Contractor shall be responsible for insuring the vessel provided by the Authority under the terms of this Agreement and shall provide for protection and indemnity insurance coverage, excess liability coverage, and hull and machinery coverage. Said coverage shall be paid for and provided by the Independent Contractor with the Authority named as second insured.

NOTE 6: PENSION PLAN

The Authority does not provide a pension plan for its employees.

NOTE 7: MANAGEMENT/OPERATING AGREEMENT

The operation of a ferry between Beaver Island and Charlevoix is necessary for the public welfare, good and convenience of the citizens of Beaver Island. The Authority has the power to provide a system of transportation for its citizens and is authorized to subcontract the management and operation of a ferry service to a third party.

The Beaver Island Transportation Authority (BITA) agreed to a management services agreement with the Beaver Island Boat Company (BIBCo), dated May 29, 2003.

The term of this Agreement shall be thirty (30) years, commencing December 21, 1993.



BEAVER ISLAND TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY SPECIAL REVENUE FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GAAP BASIS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2007

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget-Favorable (unfavorable)	
	Original	Final	Actual		
REVENUES:					
State grants:					
Capital	\$	\$	\$ 40,033	\$ 96,930	
Operating assistance	277,475	277,475	349,261	14,889	
Local sources	277,475	277,475	287,222	9,747	
Interest income	500	500	1,071	571	
Total revenues	555,450	555,450	677,587	122,137	
EXPENDITURES:					
Labor	45,760	45,760	45,600	160	
Fringe benefits	10,000	10,000	9,252	748	
Services	15,122	15,122	7,429	7,693	
Materials and supplies	451,638	451,638	495,310	(43,672)	
Utilities	8,900	8,900	7,776	1,124	
Insurance	11,000	11,000	9,751	1,249	
Taxes	2,550	2,550	3,488	(938)	
Miscellaneous	10,450	10,450	6,097	4,353	
Leases and rentals	30	30	26	4	
Capital outlay			36,984	(36,984)	
Total expenditures	555,450	555,450	621,713	(66,263)	
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	\$	\$	55,874	\$ 55,874	
FUND BALANCES:					
Beginning of year			56,255		
End of year			\$ 112,129		

BEAVER ISLAND TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY SCHEDULE OF OPERATING EXPENSES YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2007

	Operations	Maintenance	General Administration	Total 2007
Labor: Operating salaries and wages	\$	\$	\$ 45,600	\$ 45,600
Fringe benefits: Other fringe benefits			12,740	12,740
Services: Advertising Accounting - audit Other services			409 5,545 1,475	409 5,545 1,475
Materials and supplies consumed: Fuel and lubricants Other supplies	483,648 3,263	7,744	655	483,648 11,662
Utilities: Utilities Telephone Sanitation			5,946 1,813 17	5,946 1,813 17
Casualty and liability cost: Liability and property damage insurance Insurance – other			9,751 0	9,751 0
Miscellaneous expenses: Travel Association dues and subscriptions Miscellaneous expenses			267 236 5,594	267 236 5,594
Leases and rentals			26	26
Depreciation	371,546		16,418	387,964
TOTAL EXPENSES	\$ 858,457	\$ 7,744	\$ 106,492	\$ 972,693

BEAVER ISLAND TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY SCHEDULE OF NET ELIGIBLE COSTS COMPUTATIONS OF GENERAL OPERATIONS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2007

Expenses:	
Labor	\$ 45,600
Fringe benefits	12,740
Services	7,429
Materials and supplies	495,310
Utilities	7,776
Casualty and liability insurance	9,751
Miscellaneous expenses	6,097
Rentals	26
Depreciation	 387,964
TOTAL EXPENSES	 972,693
Less ineligible expenses:	
Depreciation:	
Grant assets	387,964
Total ineligible expenses	 387,964
NET ELIGIBLE EXPENSES	\$ 584,729
Maximum reimbursement 50%	\$ 292,365



REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

March 21, 2008

Members of the Authority's Board Beaver Island Transportation Authority Beaver Island, Michigan

We have audited the financial statements of the business-type activities of Beaver Island Transportation Authority as of and for the year ended September 30, 2007, which collectively comprise Beaver Island Transportation Authority basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 21, 2008. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Beaver Island Transportation Authority' internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Beaver Island Transportation Authority internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Beaver Island Transportation Authority internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects Beaver Island Transportation Authority ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of Beaver Island Transportation Authority financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by Beaver Island Transportation Authority internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by Beaver Island Transportation Authority internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and other matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Beaver Island Transportation Authority' financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants agreements, noncompliance with which would have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Transit Committee, management and the Michigan Department of Transportation and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specific parties.

Certified Public Accountants



March 21, 2008

Beaver Island Transportation Authority PO Box 426 Beaver Island, MI 49782

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Beaver Island Transportation Authority for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2007, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered Beaver Island Transportation Authority's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions in the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control.

Our consideration of internal controls was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or a combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

During our audit, we noted the following control deficiencies:

BIBCO Fuel Reimbursements

The process for determining fuel reimbursements with the Beaver Island Boat Company (BIBCO) needs to be formalized. It is our understanding that there is a meeting with BIBCO officials to determine the net reimbursement. The supporting documentation only shows the total paid and the reason for the payment. When reconciling the amount of actual expenditures to the amount charged BIBCO, there should be a document prepared outlining how the reimbursement amount was calculated. This schedule should be approved by Beaver Island Transportation Authority management prior to issuing payment.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of Beaver Island Transportation Authority, management, and others within the organization and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.